## Logarithmic Models

## Logarithmic Models - linear-log

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot \ln X_i + u_i$$

marginal effects:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Y_i}{\partial X_i} &= \beta_1 \frac{1}{X_i} \\ \Delta Y_i &\approx \Delta X_i \cdot \beta_1 \frac{1}{X_i} \end{aligned}$$

if  $X_i$  changes by 1%  $(\Delta X_i = 0.01 \cdot X_i) \dots$ 

$$\Delta Y_i \approx 0.01 X_i \cdot \beta_1 \frac{1}{X_i}$$

...  $Y_i$  changes by  $0.01 \cdot \beta_1$ .

## Logarithmic Models - log-linear

$$lnY_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot X_i + u_i$$

marginal effects:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \displaystyle \frac{\partial lnY_i}{\partial X_i} & = & \beta_1 \\ \displaystyle \frac{\Delta lnY_i}{\Delta X_i} & \approx & \beta_1 \end{array}$$

and

$$\frac{\Delta Y_i}{Y_i} \approx \Delta ln Y_i \approx \beta_1 \cdot \Delta X_i$$

A change of  $X_i$  by one unit translates into a change of  $Y_i$  by the share  $\beta_1$ .

## Logarithmic Models - log-log

$$lnY_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot lnX_i + u_i$$
  
$$Y_i = e^{\beta_0} \cdot X_i^{\beta_1} \cdot e^{u_i}$$

marginal effects:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Y_i}{\partial X_i} &= e^{\beta_0} \cdot \beta_1 X_i^{\beta_1 - 1} = \beta_1 \frac{Y_i}{X_i} \\ \frac{\partial Y_i}{\partial X_i} \cdot \frac{X_i}{Y_i} &= \beta_1 \end{aligned}$$

 $\beta_1$  is the elasticity of  $Y_i$  with respect to  $X_i$ .